

# Towards Digital Mathematics Library (Optical Character Recognition of Mathematical Texts)

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# What is this story about?

- ☞ **important problem:** from pixel sets to the information (when awake, your brain spends almost half of its capacity for this task)
- ☞ **important application:** how to have all the math papers published in a digital searchable for: imagine all mathematical information/knowledge available at your fingertips!
- ☞ **pleasant surprises** (unexpected connections, difficulties, solutions and beauty): it actually works reasonably well!
- ☞ **No sex and violence, sorry.**

# Motivation, Goals

- ① Vision of World Digital Mathematics Library (WDML) in digital form
- ② DML-CZ project `dml.muni.cz`
- ③ not only page images, but *added value* wrt. Google Scholar
- ④ full text indexing, *good searching* (and ranking),
- ⑤ well clasified papers, with *hypertext links* between them and referee databases (ZentralBlatt and Math Reviews)
- ⑥ *persistent and stable access*, aimed at full (text) visibility in the global information space (Google Scholar, OAI-MPH servers, ...)

# How to Find? Search!

- ① an entry gate to the digitized papers is **search**
- ② full text searching (MathFind)
- ③ searching for intext references
- ④ search and exchange of **mathematical formulas**: MathML, OpenMath
- ⑤ due to the massive size of digitized material, the only way is very good OCR, **including math**.

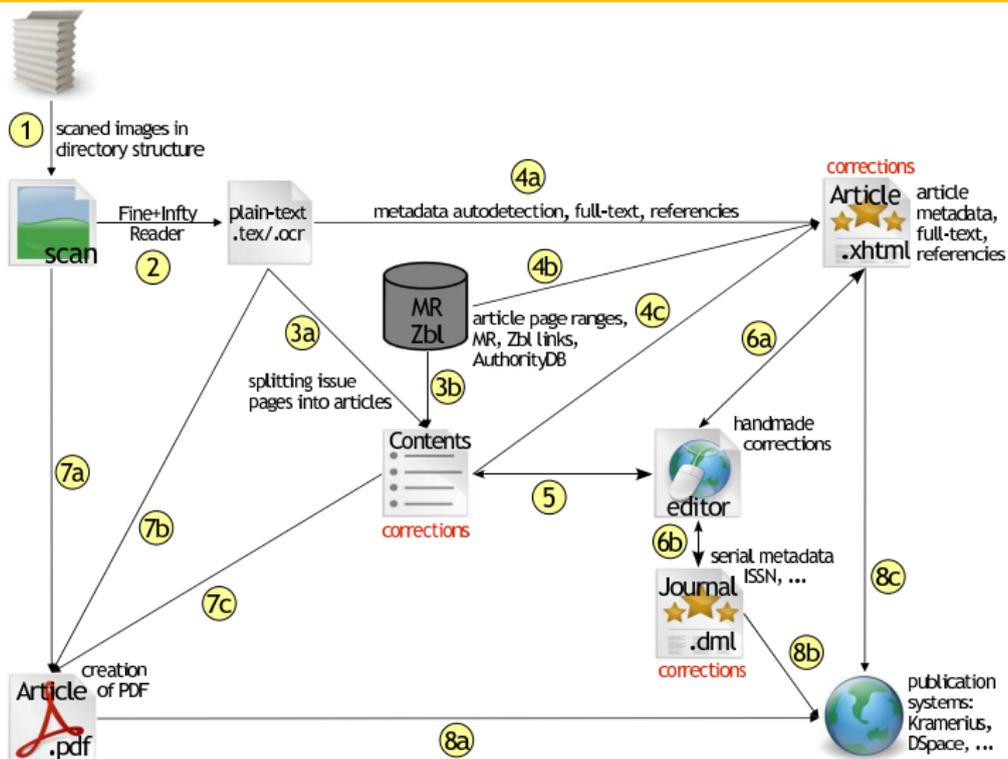
## Existing OCR Systems

- ① Not to reinvent the wheel: trial of several OCR engines.
- ② No single OCR system with acceptable results: high error rate, working only for specific purposes (plain English text), direct use was not possible.
- ③ Fine Reader by ABBYY gave good results for (even multilingual) text, and allows for typeface learning.
- ④ InftyReader by [www.inftyproject.org](http://www.inftyproject.org) the only available solution for structural math recognition.
- ⑤ No out-of-the-shelf solution.

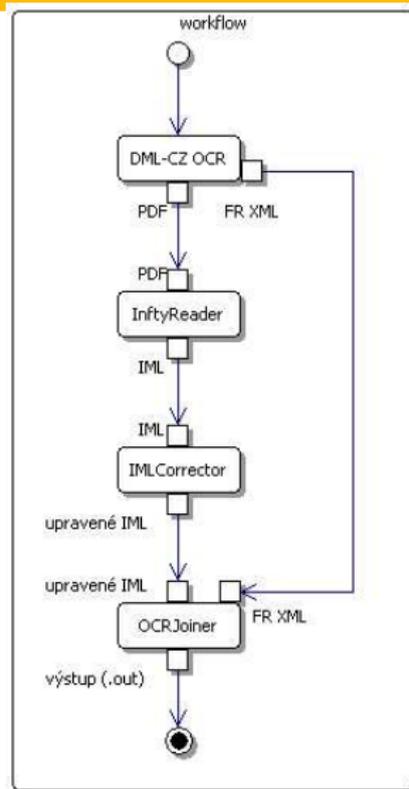
## Our OCR Solution

- ① combining both, using FineReader and InftyReader in a pipe to let every system to do what it is good for, then ‘vote’
- ② top-level (Java) program to **automate** the process **and fix** some indeficiencies
- ③ instant setup unusable: **fine-tuning** and **gradually enhancing** the OCR procedure and program parameters so that OCR results would be acceptable for DML-CZ purposes
- ④ trying to improve the results further by close cooperation with the team of prof. Suzuki (Infty Project leader, Kyushu University, Japan), and hopefully with other (retrodigitization) projects efforts.

# Top-level DML-CZ Workflow



# DML-CZ OCR Workflow Diagram



## DML-CZ OCR Workflow – middle level of details I

- ① Choosing the testbed data (30.000 pages of CMJ since 1951).
- ② Scanning 600 DPI, 4-bit depth (soft binarization advantage).
- ③ Lookup for hot typefaces used in CMJ.
- ④ Training the Fine Reader (FR) 8.0 OCR engine for the fonts used.
- ⑤ Training the Lingua::Ident Perl module for language identification of languages used in CMJ (EN, RU, F, GE, CZ, SK): very reliable statistical method based on character bigrams and trigram counts.
- ⑥ FR scanning using general setup profile (no specific language vocabulary used).
- ⑦ Evaluating the language of the scanned block.
- ⑧ Calling FR to scan for the 2nd time with profile appropriate to the recognized language(s).

## DML-CZ OCR Workflow – middle level of details II

- 1 Export the result as layered PDF (+FineReader XML).
- 2 Importing this PDF by InftyReader.
- 3 InftyReader recognition and storing the result Infty Markup Language IML (XML+MathML) and  $\text{\LaTeX}$ .
- 4 Running (our Java) program OMLCorrector to fix some Infty Reader indeficiencies in IML.
- 5 Running (our Java) program OCRJoiner to compare characters in bounding boxes by FR and InftyReader and store the final result in IML.
- 6 Use the resulted files in further DML-CZ workflow.

# OCR XML Postprocessing

```

<mblock>
...
<munit entity="1" ocrparam="685,1746,704,1758,0">
check
<mlink type="under">
<munit ocrparam="684,1761,707,1794,0">s</munit>
</mlink>
</munit>
...
<mblock>

```

is transformed to

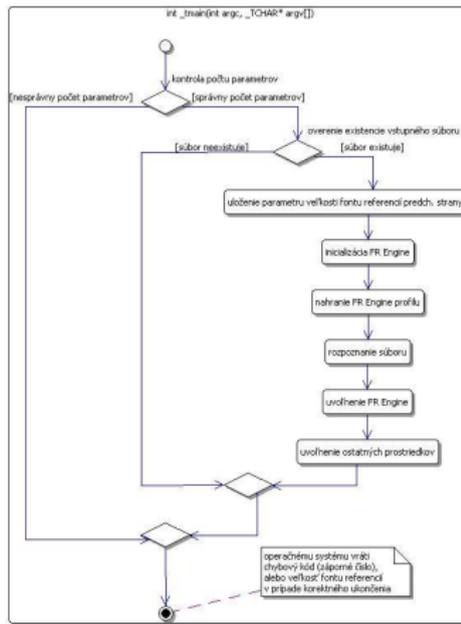
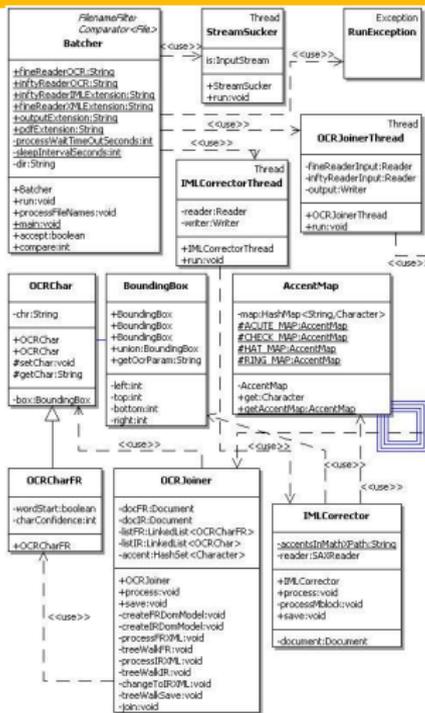
```

...
<char ocrparam"684,1746,707,1794" entity="1">š</char>
...

```

Workflow of DML-CZ at Various Levels of Detail

## DML-CZ OCR Workflow Implementation Gory Details



Contact me, no secrets, no patents!

# Evaluation

Type of errors: T (text), D (diacritics), M (mathematics), L (layout)

Steps: 1 (FR1), 2 (FR2), 3 (Infty), 4 (OCRJoiner), 5 (IMLCorrector)

Step	T	D	M	L
1	10	0	224	82
2	4	0	170	78
3	4	0	168	71
4	14	0	24	15
5	14	0	24	15

# DML-CZ OCR Results

Picture	FR 1	FR 2	FR8.0 PE	IR	IR fixed
1	84,99%	88,03%	88,46%	97,48%	97,48%
2	86,93%	88,76%	88,07%	98,97%	98,97%
3	89,19%	92,35%	91,53%	99,18%	99,18%
4	93,40%	93,52%	95,78%	99,15%	99,19%
5	91,09%	91,62%	92,15%	99,87%	99,87%
6	79,46%	80,05%	82,25%	99,61%	99,61%
7	92,59%	93,39%	93,71%	99,09%	99,09%
8	91,33%	91,33%	98,30%	98,18%	98,61%
Average	88,65%	89,90%	91,23%	98,97%	99,02%

# Summary

- ☞ less than 1% character error rate (counting **all** types of errors).
- ☞ quality for math search, relevance ranking sufficient
- ☞ still space for improvements (better text/math separation and Unicode support in InftyReader)
- ☞ still space for better robustness
- ☞ still space for joining the efforts

## Further Work

- ☞ storing the text in Manatee with MathML markup
- ☞ train classifiers on the papers with AMS classification tags
- ☞ compute AMS classification guesser and test it on the DML CZ papers
- ☞ experiment with math search and paper clustering
- ☞ configure and test Bonito interface for math search

That's it!

Thanks for all contributions we build upon  
The end of the story  
Questions?