# A new characterization of the class $HSP_U(\mathcal{K})$

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# Finite Embeddability Property

# Definition

A class of algebras  $\mathcal{K}$  has the finite embeddability property (FEP) if every finite partial subalgebra of any algebra from  $\mathcal{K}$  can be embedded into a finite member of  $\mathcal{K}$ .

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- applications in logic

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An algebra  $\mathcal{A}$  satisfies the generalized finite embeddability property (GFEP) for a class  $\mathcal{K}$  of algebras of the same type if every finite partial subalgebra of  $\mathcal{A}$  can be embedded into an algebra from  $\mathcal{K}$ .

#### Theorem

An algebra A satisfies GFEP for K if and only if  $A \in \mathsf{ISP}_{\mathsf{U}}(K)$ .

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# Finite Coverability Property

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Let  $\mathcal{A}=(A,F)$  be an algebra and  $\mathcal{K}$  be a class of algebras of the type F. We say  $\mathcal{A}$  satisfies the finite coverability property for the class  $\mathcal{K}$  if for every finite set of terms  $T\subseteq T_F(A)$  there exist an algebra  $\mathcal{B}\in\mathcal{K}$ , a mapping  $f\colon B\to A$  and a set  $Y\subseteq B$  such that

- $f|_{Y}: Y \rightarrow \text{Var } T \text{ is a bijection,}$
- if  $t(a_1, \ldots, a_n) \in T$  and  $y_1, \ldots, y_n \in Y$  are such that  $fy_i = a_i$  then

$$ft^{\mathcal{B}}(y_1,\ldots,y_n)=t^{\mathcal{A}}(a_1,\ldots,a_n).$$



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Let  $\mathcal A$  satisfy the finite coverability property for the class  $\mathcal K$  then  $\mathcal A \in \mathsf{HSP}_\mathsf{U}(\mathcal K).$ 

Sketch of proof: There exists an ultrafilter  $\mathcal{U}$  on the set  $\mathcal{P}_{\text{fin}}T_F(A)$  such that it contains all sets

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Let  $a \in A$  then  $y \in \prod_T Y_T$  is called *a-stable* if

$$\operatorname{Stab}_{a}(y) := \{ T \in \mathcal{P}_{\operatorname{fin}}T_{F}(A) \mid f_{T}(y(T)) = a \} \in \mathcal{U}$$



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## Lemma

There exists a mapping  $\underline{\phantom{a}}^{\bullet} : A \to \prod_{\mathcal{T}} Y_{\mathcal{T}}$  such that  $a^{\bullet}$  is a-stable.

We can define  $a^{\bullet} \in \prod_{T} Y_{T}$  such that

$$a^{\bullet}(T) = \begin{cases} (f_T|_{Y_T})^{-1}(a) & \text{if } a \in \text{Var } T, \\ y_T & \text{if } a \notin \text{Var } T. \end{cases}$$

#### Lemma

Let  $x, y \in \prod_T Y_T$ . If x, y are a-stable, then  $[x = y] \in \mathcal{U}$ .

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Let  $x, y \in \prod_T Y_T$  be such that  $[x = y] \in \mathcal{U}$ . If x is a-stable then also y is a-stable.

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 $a \mapsto a^{\bullet}/\mathcal{U}$  is a bijection.

$$f(t^{[Y/\mathcal{U}]}(a_1^{\bullet}/\mathcal{U},\ldots,a_n^{\bullet}/\mathcal{U}))=t^{\mathcal{A}}(a_1,\ldots,a_n)$$

Let Y be the set of all a-stable elements for some  $a \in A$ . Than  $Y \subseteq \prod_T Y_T \subseteq \prod_T B_T$  and so  $[Y/\mathcal{U}] \subseteq \prod_T B_T/\mathcal{U}$ . Which implies  $[Y/\mathcal{U}] \in SP_{\mathsf{H}}(\mathcal{K}).$ 

Due to the lemmmata the mapping  $g: A \to Y/\mathcal{U}$  such that  $a \mapsto a^{\bullet}/\mathcal{U}$  is a bijection.

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A mapping  $f: [Y/\mathcal{U}] \to \mathcal{A}$  such that

$$f(t^{[Y/U]}(a_1^{\bullet}/U,\ldots,a_n^{\bullet}/U))=t^{A}(a_1,\ldots,a_n)$$

for any  $t(a_1, ..., a_n) \in T_F(A)$  is a well defined homomorphism.

Indeed, sets

$$M = \llbracket s^{\prod_{T} \mathcal{B}_{T}}(a_{1}^{\bullet}, \dots, a_{n}^{\bullet}) = t^{\prod_{T} \mathcal{B}_{T}}(a_{1}^{\bullet}, \dots, a_{n}^{\bullet}) \rrbracket$$

$$P = \overline{\{s(a_{1}, \dots, a_{n}), t(a_{1}, \dots, a_{n})\}}$$

$$S = \bigcap_{i=1}^{n} \operatorname{Stab}_{a_{i}}(a_{i}^{\bullet})$$

are elements of  $\mathcal{U}$ . And using  $T \in M \cap P \cap S$  we can prove

$$s^{[Y/\mathcal{U}]}(a_1^{\bullet}/\mathcal{U}, \dots, a_n^{\bullet}/\mathcal{U}) = t^{[Y/\mathcal{U}]}(a_1^{\bullet}/\mathcal{U}, \dots, a_n^{\bullet}/\mathcal{U})$$
  
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Let  $\mathcal{A}=(A,F)$  be an algebra and let  $\mathcal{K}$  be a class of algebras of the type F. If  $\mathcal{A}\in\mathsf{HSP}_\mathsf{U}(\mathcal{K})$  then  $\mathcal{A}$  satisfies the finite coverability property for the class K.

Sketch of proof: There exist algebras  $\mathcal{B}_i \in K$  for  $i \in I$ , an ultrafilter  $\mathcal{U} \subseteq \mathcal{P}(I)$  and a homomorphism  $h \colon \mathcal{B} \to \mathcal{A}$  such that  $\mathcal{B} \leq (\prod_i \mathcal{B}_i) / \mathcal{U}$  and  $\mathcal{A} = h(\mathcal{B})$ . Let us take an arbitrary finite set  $T \in T_F(A)$ .

• For every  $a \in \text{Var } T$  let us take a fixed element  $a' \in \mathcal{B}$  such that h(a') = a.

$$Y_1 = \{ a' \in \mathcal{B} \mid a \in \text{Var } T \} \cup$$
  
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• For every  $b \in Y_1$  let us take a fixed  $v(b) \in \prod_i \mathcal{B}_i$  such that  $v(b)/\mathcal{U} = b$ .

$$Y_2 = \{ v(b) \in \prod_i \mathcal{B}_i \mid b \in Y_1 \}$$

• For any  $a_1, \ldots, a_n \in \text{Var } T$  and  $t \in T$  we prove

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Equivalent formulation of Jónsson's lemma

# Corollary

Let  $\mathcal K$  be a class of algebras of the same type such that  $\mathcal V(\mathcal K)$  is a congruence distributive variety. If  $\mathcal A \in \mathcal V(\mathcal K)$  is subdirectly irreducible then  $\mathcal A$  satisfies the finite coverability property for the class  $\mathcal K$ .

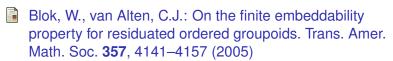
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# References



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Thank you for your attention!

