

Modular proof theory for axiomatic extension and expansions of lattice logic

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Multi-type methodology

Syntax meets semantics: the wider picture

Multi-type (algebraic) proof theory

- ▶ constructive canonical extensions algebra, formal topology
- ▶ unified correspondence theory duality
- ▶ proper display calculi structural proof theory

Proof calculi with a uniform metatheory:

- ▶ supporting an **inferential theory of meaning**
- ▶ canonical **cut elimination** and **subformula property**
- ▶ **soundness, completeness, conservativity**

Range

- ▶ DEL, PDL, Logic of resources and capabilities...
- ▶ (D)LEs and their analytic inductive axiomatic extensions
- ▶ Inquisitive logic, first order logic
- ▶ Linear logic
- ▶ Lattice logic ! / Modular lattice logic !?

Intermezzo on proof theory

Hilbert Calculi

- ▶ Axioms (E. Mendelson):

$$(A1) \ p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow p)$$

$$(A2) \ (p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow r)) \rightarrow ((p \rightarrow q) \rightarrow (p \rightarrow r))$$

$$(A3) \ (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \rightarrow ((\neg p \rightarrow q) \rightarrow p)$$

- ▶ Rules: US, MP

Hilbert Calculi

- ▶ Axioms (E. Mendelson):

$$(A1) \ p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow p)$$

$$(A2) \ (p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow r)) \rightarrow ((p \rightarrow q) \rightarrow (p \rightarrow r))$$

$$(A3) \ (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \rightarrow ((\neg p \rightarrow q) \rightarrow p)$$

- ▶ Rules: US, MP

- 1 $(A \rightarrow ((A \rightarrow A) \rightarrow A)) \rightarrow ((A \rightarrow (A \rightarrow A)) \rightarrow (A \rightarrow A))$
- 2 $A \rightarrow ((A \rightarrow A) \rightarrow A)$
- 3 $(A \rightarrow (A \rightarrow A)) \rightarrow (A \rightarrow A)$
- 4 $A \rightarrow (A \rightarrow A)$
- 5 $A \rightarrow A$

$$\frac{\frac{(A2)}{1} \text{ US}[A/p, A \rightarrow A/q, A/r] \quad \frac{(A1)}{2} \text{ US}[A/p, A \rightarrow A/q, A/r]}{3} \text{ MP} \quad \frac{(A1)}{4} \text{ US}[A/p, A/q] \text{ MP}$$

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Starting point: Display Calculi

- ▶ Natural generalization of Gentzen's sequent calculi;
- ▶ sequents $X \vdash Y$, where X and Y are **structures**:
 - formulas are **atomic structures**
 - built-up: **structural connectives** (generalizing meta-linguistic comma in sequents $\phi_1, \dots, \phi_n \vdash \psi_1, \dots, \psi_m$)
 - generation **trees** (generalizing sets, multisets, sequences)
- ▶ **Display property:**

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{Y \vdash X > Z}{X ; Y \vdash Z}}{Y ; X \vdash Z}}{X \vdash Y > Z}$$

display rules semantically justified by **adjunction/residuation**

- ▶ **Canonical proof of cut elimination (via metatheorem)**

Structural and operational languages

$$\begin{array}{lcl} A & ::= & p \mid A \wedge A \mid A \vee A \mid A \rightarrow A \mid (A \succ A) \mid \neg A \\ X & ::= & A \mid I \mid X ; X \mid X > X \end{array}$$

Structural connectives are interpreted **positionally**
(like Gentzen's comma) :

I	;	>	*
T	\perp	\wedge	\vee

(

\succ	\rightarrow	\neg	\neg
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Three groups of rules

Display Postulates

$$\frac{X ; Y \vdash Z}{Y \vdash X > Z} \quad \frac{Z \vdash Y ; X}{Y > Z \vdash X}$$

Operational Rules

$$\frac{A ; B \vdash X}{A \wedge B \vdash X} \quad \frac{X \vdash A \quad Y \vdash B}{X ; Y \vdash A \wedge B}$$

$$\frac{X \vdash A \quad B \vdash Y}{A \rightarrow B \vdash X > Y} \quad \frac{X \vdash A > B}{X \vdash A \rightarrow B}$$

Structural Rules

$$Gri_L \frac{(X > Y); Z \vdash W}{X > (Y; Z) \vdash W} \quad \frac{W \vdash (X > Y); Z}{W \vdash X > (Y; Z)} Gri_R$$

The excluded middle is derivable using *Grishin's rule*:

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{A \vdash A}{A ; I \vdash A} \quad \frac{A ; I \vdash A}{A ; I \vdash \perp ; A}}{\frac{\frac{I \vdash A > (\perp ; A) \quad I \vdash (A > \perp) ; A}{I \vdash A ; (A > \perp)}}{\frac{A > I \vdash A > \perp}{\frac{A > I \vdash A \rightarrow \perp}{\frac{A > I \vdash \neg A}{\frac{I \vdash A ; \neg A}{I \vdash A \vee \neg A}}}}} {Gri}}$$

Cut rules in Gentzen's Calculi

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash C, \Delta \quad \Gamma', C \vdash \Delta'}{\Gamma', \Gamma \vdash \Delta', \Delta}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash C, \Delta \quad \Gamma, C \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash \Delta}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash C \quad \Gamma, C \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash \Delta}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash C \quad \Gamma', C \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma', \Gamma \vdash \Delta}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash C, \Delta \quad C \vdash \Delta'}{\Gamma \vdash \Delta', \Delta}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash C \quad C \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash \Delta}$$

Theorem

If $\Gamma \vdash \Delta$ is derivable, then it is derivable without Cut.

- ✓ A Cut is an intermediate step in a deduction.
‘Eliminating the cut’ generates a ***new and lemma-free proof***, which employs ***syntactic material coming from the end-sequent***.
- ✗ Typically, syntactic proofs of Cut-elimination are ***non-modular***,
i.e. if a new rule is added, it must be proved from scratch.

Multi-type proper display calculi

Definition

A **proper display calculus** verifies each of the following conditions:

1. structures can disappear, formulas are **forever**;
2. **tree-traceable** formula-occurrences, via suitably defined congruence relation (same shape, position, non-proliferation)
3. **principal = displayed**
4. rules are closed under **uniform substitution** of congruent parameters **within each type (Properness!)**;
5. **reduction strategy** exists when cut formulas are principal.
6. **type-uniformity** of derivable sequents;
7. **strongly uniform cuts** in each/some type(s).

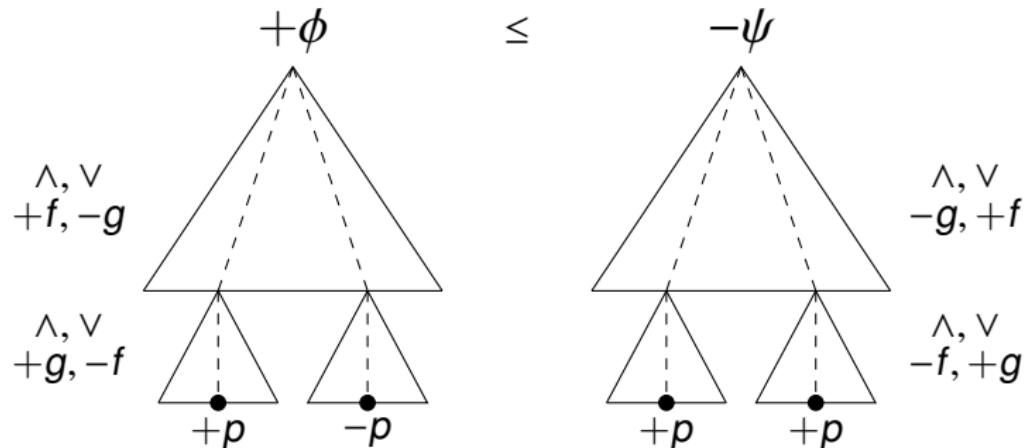
Theorem (Canonical!)

Cut elimination and subformula property hold for any **proper display calculus**.

Which logics are properly displayable?

Complete characterization (Ciabattoni et al. 15, Greco et al. 16):

1. the logics of any **basic** normal (D)LE;
2. axiomatic extensions of these with **analytic inductive inequalities**: \rightsquigarrow unified correspondence



Analytic inductive \Rightarrow Inductive \Rightarrow Canonical

Fact: cut-elim., subfm. prop., sound-&-completeness,
conservativity **guaranteed** by metatheorem + ALBA-technology.

For many... but not for all.

- ▶ The characterization theorem sets **hard boundaries** to the scope of proper display calculi.
- ▶ Interesting logics are **left out**.

Can we **extend the scope** of proper display calculi?

Yes: proper display calculi \rightsquigarrow proper **multi-type** calculi

Lattice logic

Is Lattice Logic properly displayable?

$$\frac{A \vdash X}{A \wedge B \vdash X}$$

$$\frac{B \vdash X}{A \wedge B \vdash X}$$

$$\frac{X \vdash A \quad X \vdash B}{X \vdash A \wedge B}$$

$$\frac{A \vdash X \quad B \vdash X}{A \vee B \vdash X}$$

$$\frac{X \vdash A}{X \vdash A \vee B}$$

$$\frac{X \vdash A}{X \vdash A \vee B}$$

In general lattices, \wedge and \vee are **adjoints** but not residuals.

[Belnap 92, Sambin et al 00]: no structural counterparts.

Remark: rules \wedge_R and \vee_R encode $\vee \dashv \Delta \dashv \wedge$.

What is wrong with this solution?

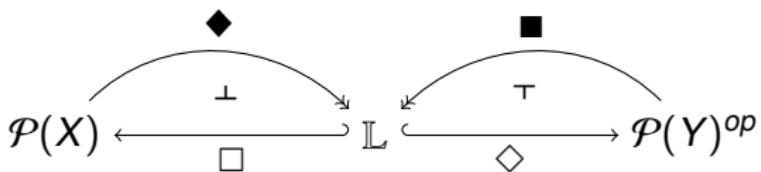
Nothing: as a "Gentzen" calculus, it is perfectly fine.

However: an **imbalance**

- ▶ too much information encoded in logical rules
 - ▶ introduction rules as **adjunction rules**
- ▶ too little information encoded in structural rules
 - ▶ no structural counterparts of \wedge and \vee , hence
 - no structural rules capturing the behaviour of \wedge and \vee
 - no interaction between \wedge and \vee and other connectives

Exception to a completely modular and uniform theory.

Algebraic analysis: double representation



Representation theorem

Any complete lattice \mathbb{L} can be identified with:

- ▶ complete sub \cap -semilattice of some $\mathcal{P}(X)$;
- ▶ complete sub \cup -semilattice of some $\mathcal{P}(Y)^{op}$.

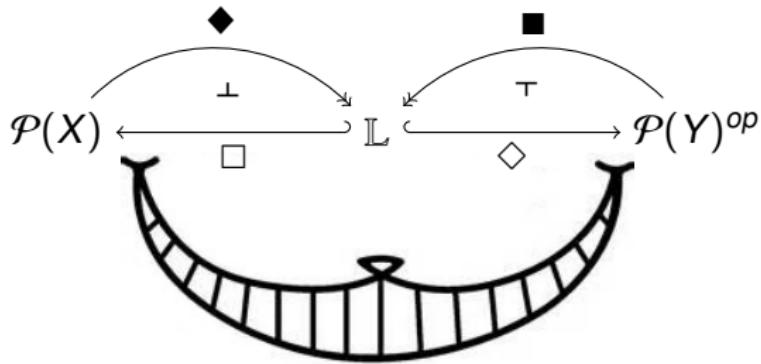
Upshot: natural semantics for the following **multi-type** language:

Left $\ni \alpha ::= \square A \mid \emptyset \mid \varnothing \mid \alpha \cap \alpha \mid \alpha \cup \alpha$

Lattice $\ni A ::= p \mid \top \mid \perp \mid \blacklozenge \alpha \mid \blacksquare \xi$

Right $\ni \xi ::= \diamond A \mid \wp^{op} \mid \varnothing^{op} \mid \xi \cap^{op} \xi \mid \xi \cup^{op} \xi$

Translation



[...] this time it vanished quite slowly,

$$A \vdash B \rightsquigarrow A^\tau \vdash B_\tau$$

beginning with the end of the tail,
and ending with the grin, which remained
some time after the rest of it had gone.

$\top^\tau := \diamond \square \top$ $\perp^\tau := \diamond \square \perp$ $p^\tau := \diamond \square p$ $(A \wedge B)^\tau := \diamond (\square A^\tau \cap \square B^\tau)$ $(A \vee B)^\tau := \diamond (\square A^\tau \cup \square B^\tau)$	$\top_\tau := \blacksquare^{op} \diamond^{op} \top$ $\perp_\tau := \blacksquare^{op} \diamond^{op} \perp$ $p_\tau := \blacksquare^{op} \diamond^{op} p$ $(A \wedge B)_\tau := \blacksquare^{op} (\diamond^{op} A_\tau \cap^{op} \diamond^{op} B_\tau)$ $(A \vee B)_\tau := \blacksquare^{op} (\diamond^{op} A_\tau \cup^{op} \diamond^{op} B_\tau)$
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Proper multi-type calculus for lattice logic - Part 1

Display Postulates

$$\text{adj } \frac{\Gamma \vdash \circ X}{\bullet \Gamma \vdash X}$$

$$\frac{\circ X \vdash \Pi}{X \vdash \bullet \Pi} \text{ adj}$$

$$\text{res } \frac{\Gamma . \Delta \vdash \Lambda}{\Delta \vdash \Gamma \supset \Lambda}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta . \Lambda}{\Delta \supset \Gamma \vdash \Lambda} \text{ res}$$

$$\text{res } \frac{\Pi . \Upsilon \vdash \Omega}{\Upsilon \vdash \Pi \supset \Omega}$$

$$\frac{\Pi \vdash \Upsilon . \Omega}{\Upsilon \supset \Pi \vdash \Omega} \text{ res}$$

Proper multi-type calculus for lattice logic - Part 2

Lattice rules

$$Id \frac{}{p \vdash p} \quad \frac{X \vdash A \quad A \vdash Y}{X \vdash Y} Cut$$

$$IW \frac{I \vdash X}{Y \vdash X} \quad \frac{X \vdash I}{X \vdash Y} IW$$

$$\top \frac{I \vdash X}{\top \vdash X} \quad \frac{}{I \vdash \top} \top$$

$$\perp \frac{}{\perp \vdash I} \quad \frac{X \vdash I}{X \vdash \perp} \perp$$

Identity Lemma

Lemma: The sequent $A^\tau \vdash A_\tau$ is derivable for every $A \in \mathcal{L}$.

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Id} \\ p \vdash p \\ \hline \text{adj } \frac{\square p \vdash \circ p}{\bullet \square p \vdash p} \\ \hline \frac{\bullet \square p \vdash p}{\blacklozenge \square p \vdash p} \\ \hline \frac{\bullet \square p \vdash p}{\circ \blacklozenge \square p \vdash \lozenge p} \text{ adj} \\ \hline \frac{\bullet \square p \vdash \bullet \lozenge p}{\bullet \square p \vdash \blacksquare \lozenge p} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{ind. hyp.} \\ B^\tau \vdash B_\tau \\ \hline W \frac{\square B^\tau \vdash \circ B_\tau}{\square B^\tau . \square C^\tau \vdash \circ B_\tau} \\ \hline \frac{\square B^\tau \cap \square C^\tau \vdash \circ B_\tau}{\bullet \square B^\tau \cap \square C^\tau \vdash B_\tau} \\ \hline \frac{\bullet \square B^\tau \cap \square C^\tau \vdash B_\tau}{\blacklozenge (\square B^\tau \cap \square C^\tau) \vdash B_\tau} \\ \hline \frac{\blacklozenge (\square B^\tau \cap \square C^\tau) \vdash B_\tau}{\circ \blacklozenge (\square B^\tau \cap \square C^\tau) \vdash \lozenge B_\tau} \\ \hline C \frac{\circ \blacklozenge (\square B^\tau \cap \square C^\tau) . \circ \blacklozenge (\square B^\tau \cap \square C^\tau) \vdash \lozenge B_\tau \cap \lozenge C_\tau}{\circ \blacklozenge (\square B^\tau \cap \square C^\tau) \vdash \lozenge B_\tau \cap \lozenge C_\tau} \text{ adj} \\ \hline \frac{\circ \blacklozenge (\square B^\tau \cap \square C^\tau) \vdash \lozenge B_\tau \cap \lozenge C_\tau}{\blacklozenge (\square B^\tau \cap \square C^\tau) \vdash \bullet \lozenge B_\tau \cap \lozenge C_\tau} \\ \hline \frac{\blacklozenge (\square B^\tau \cap \square C^\tau) \vdash \bullet \lozenge B_\tau \cap \lozenge C_\tau}{\blacklozenge (\square B^\tau \cap \square C^\tau) \vdash \blacksquare (\lozenge B_\tau \cap \lozenge C_\tau)} \end{array}$$

Commutativity derived

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{B \vdash B}{\vdash}}{W} \quad \frac{A \vdash A}{\vdash}}{W} \quad \frac{E}{\frac{A \cap B \vdash B}{\vdash}}}{W} \quad \frac{A \cap B \vdash A}{\vdash}$$
$$C \frac{(A \cap B) \cdot (A \cap B) \vdash B \cap A}{\frac{A \cap B \vdash B \cap A}{\vdash}}$$

Translation of commutativity derived

$$\frac{B^\tau \vdash B_\tau}{\Box B^\tau \vdash \Diamond B_\tau} W$$
$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} \Box B^\tau . \Box A^\tau \vdash \Diamond B_\tau \\ \Box A^\tau . \Box B^\tau \vdash \Diamond B_\tau \end{array}}{\Box A^\tau \cap \Box B^\tau \vdash \Diamond B_\tau} E$$
$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} \bullet \Box A^\tau \cap \Box B^\tau \vdash B_\tau \\ \blacklozenge (\Box A^\tau \cap \Box B^\tau) \vdash B_\tau \end{array}}{\Diamond (\Box A^\tau \cap \Box B^\tau) \vdash B_\tau} \circ \blacklozenge$$
$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} \Box A^\tau \vdash A_\tau \\ \Box A^\tau . \Box B^\tau \vdash \Diamond A_\tau \end{array}}{\Box A^\tau \cap \Box B^\tau \vdash \Diamond A_\tau} W$$
$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} \bullet \Box A^\tau \cap \Box B^\tau \vdash A_\tau \\ \blacklozenge (\Box A^\tau \cap \Box B^\tau) \vdash A_\tau \end{array}}{\Diamond (\Box A^\tau \cap \Box B^\tau) \vdash \Diamond A_\tau} \circ \blacklozenge$$
$$C \frac{\begin{array}{c} \circ \blacklozenge (\Box A^\tau \cap \Box B^\tau) . \circ \blacklozenge (\Box A^\tau \cap \Box B^\tau) \vdash \Diamond B_\tau \cap \Diamond A_\tau \\ \circ \blacklozenge (\Box A^\tau \cap \Box B^\tau) \vdash \Diamond B_\tau \cap \Diamond A_\tau \\ \blacklozenge (\Box A^\tau \cap \Box B^\tau) \vdash \bullet \Diamond B_\tau \cap \Diamond A_\tau \end{array}}{\blacklozenge (\Box A^\tau \cap \Box B^\tau) \vdash \blacksquare (\Diamond B_\tau \cap \Diamond A_\tau)}$$

Translation of Identity derived ($A := p$)

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \text{Id Lemma} \\
 \frac{\blacklozenge \Box p \vdash \blacksquare \lozenge p}{\Box \blacklozenge \Box p \vdash \circ \blacksquare \lozenge p} \\
 w \frac{}{\Box \blacklozenge \Box p . \Box \blacklozenge \Box T \vdash \circ \blacksquare \lozenge p} \\
 \frac{}{\Box \blacklozenge \Box p \cap \Box \blacklozenge \Box T \vdash \circ \blacksquare \lozenge p} \\
 \frac{\bullet \Box \blacklozenge \Box p \cap \Box \blacklozenge \Box T \vdash \blacksquare \lozenge p}{\blacklozenge (\Box \blacklozenge \Box p \cap \Box \blacklozenge \Box T) \vdash \blacksquare \lozenge p}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \text{IW} \frac{I \vdash T}{\blacklozenge \Box p \vdash T} \\
 \frac{}{\circ \blacklozenge \Box p \vdash \lozenge T} \\
 \frac{}{\blacklozenge \Box p \vdash \bullet \lozenge T} \\
 \frac{}{\blacklozenge \Box p \vdash \blacksquare \lozenge T} \\
 +C \frac{}{\Box \blacklozenge \Box p \vdash \lozenge \blacksquare \lozenge p} \\
 \frac{}{\circ \blacklozenge \Box p \vdash \lozenge \blacksquare \lozenge T} \\
 C \frac{\Box \blacklozenge \Box p \vdash \lozenge \blacksquare \lozenge p \cap \lozenge \blacksquare \lozenge T}{\circ \blacklozenge \Box p \vdash \bullet \lozenge \blacksquare \lozenge p \cap \lozenge \blacksquare \lozenge T} \\
 \frac{}{\blacklozenge \Box p \vdash \bullet \lozenge \blacksquare \lozenge p \cap \lozenge \blacksquare \lozenge T} \\
 \frac{}{\blacklozenge \Box p \vdash \blacksquare (\lozenge \blacksquare \lozenge p \cap \lozenge \blacksquare \lozenge T)}
 \end{array}$$

Translation of Absorption derived (case $A := p$)

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \text{Id Lemma} \\
 \frac{\blacklozenge \Box p \vdash \blacksquare \lozenge p}{\Box \blacklozenge \Box p \vdash \circ \blacksquare \lozenge p} \\
 \hline
 W \frac{\begin{array}{c} \text{Id Lemma} \\ \frac{\blacklozenge \Box p \vdash \blacksquare \lozenge p}{\Box \blacklozenge \Box p \vdash \circ \blacksquare \lozenge p} \\ \hline \Box \blacklozenge \Box p . \Box \blacklozenge (\Box \blacklozenge \Box p \cup \Box B) \vdash \circ \blacksquare \lozenge p \end{array}}{\begin{array}{c} \Box \blacklozenge \Box p \cap \Box \blacklozenge (\Box \blacklozenge \Box p \cup \Box B) \vdash \circ \blacksquare \lozenge p \\ \bullet \Box \blacklozenge \Box p \cap \Box \blacklozenge (\Box \blacklozenge \Box p \cup \Box B) \vdash \blacksquare \lozenge p \\ \hline \blacklozenge (\Box \blacklozenge \Box p \cap \Box \blacklozenge (\Box \blacklozenge \Box p \cup \Box B)) \vdash \blacksquare \lozenge p \end{array}}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \text{Id Lemma} \\
 \frac{\blacklozenge \Box p \vdash \blacksquare \lozenge p}{\circ \blacklozenge \Box p \vdash \lozenge \blacksquare \lozenge p} \\
 \hline
 W \frac{\begin{array}{c} \text{Id Lemma} \\ \frac{\blacklozenge \Box p \vdash \blacksquare \lozenge p}{\circ \blacklozenge \Box p \vdash \lozenge \blacksquare \lozenge p} \\ \hline \circ \blacklozenge \Box p \vdash \lozenge \blacksquare \lozenge p . \lozenge B \end{array}}{\begin{array}{c} \circ \blacklozenge \Box p \vdash \lozenge \blacksquare \lozenge p \cup \lozenge B \\ \blacklozenge \Box p \vdash \bullet \lozenge \blacksquare \lozenge p \cup \lozenge B \\ \hline \blacklozenge \Box p \vdash \blacksquare (\lozenge \blacksquare \lozenge p \cup \lozenge B) \end{array}}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \text{Id Lemma} \\
 \frac{\blacklozenge \Box p \vdash \blacksquare \lozenge p}{\circ \blacklozenge \Box p \vdash \lozenge \blacksquare \lozenge p} \\
 \hline
 C \frac{\begin{array}{c} \text{Id Lemma} \\ \frac{\blacklozenge \Box p \vdash \blacksquare \lozenge p}{\circ \blacklozenge \Box p \vdash \lozenge \blacksquare \lozenge p} \\ \hline \circ \blacklozenge \Box p . \circ \blacklozenge \Box p \vdash \lozenge \blacksquare \lozenge p \cap \lozenge \blacksquare (\lozenge \blacksquare \lozenge p \cup \lozenge B) \end{array}}{\begin{array}{c} \circ \blacklozenge \Box p \vdash \lozenge \blacksquare \lozenge p \cap \lozenge \blacksquare (\lozenge \blacksquare \lozenge p \cup \lozenge B) \\ \blacklozenge \Box p \vdash \bullet \lozenge \blacksquare \lozenge p \cap \lozenge \blacksquare (\lozenge \blacksquare \lozenge p \cup \lozenge B) \\ \hline \blacklozenge \Box p \vdash \blacksquare (\lozenge \blacksquare \lozenge p \cap \lozenge \blacksquare (\lozenge \blacksquare \lozenge p \cup \lozenge B)) \end{array}}
 \end{array}$$

Proof for a distributive lattice

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{s \vdash s \quad t \vdash t}{\frac{s.t \vdash s \cap t}{t \vdash s \supseteq s \cap t}} \text{res} \quad \frac{s \vdash s \quad u \vdash u}{\frac{s.u \vdash s \cap u}{u \vdash s \supseteq s \cap u}} \text{res}}{t \cup u \vdash (s \supseteq s \cap t) . (s \supseteq s \cap u)} \text{int-Gri}$$

res $\frac{s.t \cup u \vdash s \cap t . (s \supseteq s \cap u)}{s.t \cup u \vdash (s \supseteq s \cap u) . s \cap t} \text{int-Gri}$

res $\frac{s.(s.t \cup u) \vdash s \cap u . s \cap t}{s.(s.t \cup u) \vdash (s \cap t) \cup (s \cap u)}$

$\frac{(s.s).t \cup u \vdash (s \cap t) \cup (s \cap u)}{t \cup u.(s.s) \vdash (s \cap t) \cup (s \cap u)}$

$C \frac{s.s \vdash t \cup u \supseteq (s \cap t) \cup (s \cap u)}{s \vdash t \cup u \supseteq (s \cap t) \cup (s \cap u)}$

$\frac{t \cup u.s \vdash (s \cap t) \cup (s \cap u)}{s.t \cup u \vdash (s \cap t) \cup (s \cap u)}$

$s \cap (t \cup u) \vdash (s \cap t) \cup (s \cap u)$

Distributivity fails

$$\frac{s \vdash s}{\circ s \vdash \diamond s} \quad \frac{t \vdash t}{\circ t \vdash \diamond t}$$
$$\frac{\circ s . \circ t \vdash \diamond s \cap \diamond t}{\circ t \vdash \circ s \supset \diamond s \cap \diamond t}$$
$$\frac{\circ t \vdash \circ s \supset \diamond s \cap \diamond t}{t \vdash \bullet(\circ s \supset \diamond s \cap \diamond t)}$$
$$\frac{\square t \vdash \circ \bullet(\circ s \supset \diamond s \cap \diamond t)}{\square t \cup \square u \vdash \circ \bullet(\circ s \supset \diamond s \cap \diamond t) . \circ \bullet(\circ s \supset \diamond s \cap \diamond u)}$$

$$\frac{s \vdash s}{\circ s \vdash \diamond s} \quad \frac{u \vdash u}{\circ u \vdash \diamond u}$$
$$\frac{\circ s . \circ u \vdash \diamond s \cap \diamond u}{\circ u \vdash \circ s \supset \diamond s \cap \diamond u}$$
$$\frac{u \vdash \bullet(\circ s \supset \diamond s \cap \diamond u)}{\square u \vdash \circ \bullet(\circ s \supset \diamond s \cap \diamond u)}$$

:

???

Modularity

Every distributive lattice is modular.

Modular lattice: $c \leq b$ implies $c \vee (a \wedge b) = (c \vee a) \wedge b$.

In every lattice: $c \leq b$ implies $c \vee (a \wedge b) \leq (c \vee a) \wedge b$.

$$c \vdash c \quad b \vdash b$$

$$\frac{c, b \vdash c \wedge b}{c, b \vdash c \wedge b, a} w$$

$$\frac{}{c, b \vdash (c \wedge b) \vee a}$$

$$\frac{}{c, b \vdash ((c \wedge b) \vee a) \wedge b}$$

$$\frac{}{c \wedge b \vdash ((c \wedge b) \vee a) \wedge b}$$

$$\frac{}{(c \wedge b) \vee (a \wedge b) \vdash ((c \wedge b) \vee a) \wedge b, ((c \wedge b) \vee a) \wedge b} c$$

$$\frac{}{(c \wedge b) \vee (a \wedge b) \vdash ((c \wedge b) \vee a) \wedge b}$$

$$\frac{a \vdash a}{a \vdash c \wedge b, a} w$$

$$\frac{b \vdash b}{a, b \vdash ((c \wedge b) \vee a) \wedge b}$$

$$\frac{}{a \wedge b \vdash ((c \wedge b) \vee a) \wedge b}$$

$$\frac{}{(c \wedge b) \vee (a \wedge b) \vdash ((c \wedge b) \vee a) \wedge b, ((c \wedge b) \vee a) \wedge b} c$$

In between “visibility” and “display” property

$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} c \vdash c \quad b \vdash b \\ \hline c, b \vdash c \wedge b \end{array}}{c \wedge b \vdash c \wedge b} \quad \frac{a \vdash a \quad b \vdash b}{a, b \vdash a \wedge b}$$

∨

$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} (c \wedge b) \vee a, b \vdash (c \wedge b), (a \wedge b) \\ \hline (c \wedge b) \vee a, b \vdash (c \wedge b) \vee (a \wedge b) \end{array}}{((c \wedge b) \vee a) \wedge b \vdash (c \wedge b) \vee (a \wedge b)}$$

Beyond analiticity: towards a general theory

- ▶ Several examples of logics which are **single-type not analytic** but **multi-type analytic**:
 - ▶ DEL
 - ▶ inquisitive logic
 - ▶ (intuitionistic modal) dependence logic
 - ▶ linear logic
 - ▶ lattice logic
 - ▶ PDL
 - ▶ logic of resources and capabilities
 - ▶ first order logic
 - ▶ ...
- ▶ Patterns are emerging. Main guideline: discovering and exploiting hidden adjunctions.
- ▶ Can we make this practice into a uniform theory?

- ▶ Frittella, Greco, Kurz, Palmigiano, [Multi-Type Sequent Calculi](#), Proc. Trends in Logics, 2014.
- ▶ Greco, Ma, Palmigiano, Tzimoulis, Zhao, [Unified Correspondence as a Proof-Theoretic Tool](#), JLC, 2016.
- ▶ Ciabattoni, Ramanayake, [Power and limits of structural display rules](#), TOCL, 2016.
- ▶ Greco, Palmigiano, [Linear Logic Properly Displayed](#), ArXiv: 1611.04181.